

# ANDHRA UNIVERSITY ENTRANCE EXAM PAPER – 2008

Time: 75 Min

Max. Marks: 90

## PART – A

1. When the distance between two equal charges is decreased to half and their magnitude of charge also decreased to half, the force between them [      ]  
a) Reduces to half    b) becomes double    c) becomes four times    d) remains unchanged
2. The electric field intensity of an infinite long charge line varies inversely proportional the [      ]  
a) square of the distance from it    b) distance from it  
c) square root of the distance from it    d) cube of the distance from it
3. In a charged bubble the mechanical force due to charge is counter balanced by [      ]  
a) Force of gravitation    b) Viscosity    c) surface tension    d) none of these
4. The dimensions of potential are same as that of [      ]  
a) work    b) Electric field    c) Work per unit charge    d) Force per unit charge
5. Electric field lines and equipotential lines are [      ]  
a) always orthogonal    b) orthogonal only when electric field is uniform  
c) orthogonal when potential does not change    d) none of these
6. Which of the following statement is correct [      ]  
a) Dielectric constant and permeability are the same  
b) Permittivity and permeability are one and same thing  
c) Dielectric constant and relative permittivity  
d) permeability and the relative permittivity
7. The effect of the dielectric is to [      ]  
a) increase the capacitance    b) decrease the capacitance  
c) reduce the working voltage    d) increase the distance between plates
8. The electric susceptibility of a material is  $36 \times 10^{-12} \text{C/N-m}^2$ . Calculate the value of absolute permittivity of the material (Take  $\epsilon_0 = 9 \times 10^{-12} \text{F/m}$ ) [      ]  
a)  $4.5 \times 10^{-12} \text{F / m}$     b)  $4.5 \times 10^{-11} \text{F / m}$     c)  $4.5 \times 10^{-10} \text{F / m}$     d)  $4.5 \times 10^{-9} \text{F / m}$
9. The unit of displacement (D) is [      ]  
a)  $\text{V/m}^2$     b)  $\text{coul/m}^2$     c)  $\text{V/m}$     d)  $\text{coul/m}$
10. The capacity of a capacitor is influenced by [      ]  
a) area of the plates, thickness of the plates and the rate of charge  
b) area of the plates, dielectric and the rate of charge  
c) distance between the plates, dielectric and thickness of the plates  
d) distance between the plates, area of the plates and dielectric
11. To increase the capacitance of a capacitor, the plates must be placed [      ]  
a) Further apart    b) closer together    c) in series    d) none of these
12. The capacity of a parallel plate condenser is  $0.2 \mu \text{F}$ . Potential difference between the plates is 2 volts. Calculate the energy stored by the charged condenser [      ]  
a)  $0.4 \times 10^{-5} \text{joule}$     b)  $0.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{joule}$     c)  $0.4 \times 10^{-7} \text{joule}$     d)  $0.4 \times 10^{-8} \text{joule}$
13. If the direction of the linear motion of a cork screw represents the direction of current through the conductor, the direction of rotation of cork screw gives the direction of magnetic field. This was stated by [      ]  
a) Lenz    b) Amper    c) Maxwell    d) Faraday

14. In a strong magnetic field an electron is injected at rest. The force immediately acting on the electron [      ]  
 a) Infinite                      b) Very large                      c) very small                      d) zero
15. If two conductors carry current in opposite directions these will [      ]  
 a) repel each other                      b) attract each other  
 c) not experience force between them                      d) none of these
16. The strength of the magnetic shell is equivalent to [      ]  
 a) magnetic induction b) capacitance c) current                      d) magnetic moment
17. A copper wire 0.254 cm in diameter carries a current of 50 ampere. Find the magnetic field induction B at the surface of the wire.  
 The permeability constant ( $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$  wb/A –m) [      ]  
 a)  $5.96 \times 10^{-3}$  w/m<sup>2</sup>    b)  $7.87 \times 10^{-3}$  w/m<sup>2</sup>    c)  $9.73 \times 10^{-3}$  w/m<sup>2</sup>    d)  $4.39 \times 10^{-3}$  w/m<sup>2</sup>
18. The ratio of the intensity of magnetic field at the centre of a very long solenoid to that at the extreme end is [      ]  
 a) 2                      b) 1/2                      c) 4                      d) 1/4
19. The condition for moving coil galvanometer to be ballistic [      ]  
 a) The period of oscillation should be large    b) The period of oscillation should be small  
 c) The period of oscillation should be zero    d) The period of oscillation should be infinite
20. A cyclotron having dees of radius 40 cm is adjusted for accelerating hydrogen nuclei. The polarity of dees is reversed  $30 \times 10^6$  times/sec. Find the energy of the issuing proton (mass of proton is  $1.67 \times 10^{-27}$  kg) [      ]  
 a)  $29.63 \times 10^2$  eV    b)  $29.63 \times 10^4$  eV    c)  $29.63 \times 10^6$  eV    d)  $29.63 \times 10^6$  eV
21. A copper strip 2 cm wide and 1mm thick is placed in a magnetic field with  $B = 1.5$  wb/m<sup>2</sup> with its thickness parallel to B. If a current of 200 amp is set up in the strip, what Hall potential is developed across the strip. The number of conduction electrons in the copper strip is  $8.4 \times 10^{28}$ /m<sup>3</sup> [      ]  
 a)  $2.75 \times 10^{-5}$  volt    b)  $2.55 \times 10^{-5}$  volt    c)  $2.73 \times 10^{-5}$  volt    d)  $2.23 \times 10^{-5}$  volt
22. Betatron condition  $\phi_B =$  [      ]  
 a)  $2\pi r^2 B$                       b)  $2\pi r^2 B / r^2$                       c)  $2\pi r^2 / B$                       d)  $Br^2 / 2\pi$
23. Calculate the self inductance of a solenoid of length 1 meter and area of cross-section 0.01sq.m with 2000 turns. [      ]  
 a) 60.8mH                      b) 39.7mH                      c) 50.3mH                      d) 80.3mH
24. Calculate the energy stored in the magnetic field of solenoid of inductance 5mH when a maximum current of 3amp flows through it [      ]  
 a)  $22.5 \times 10^{-6}$  joule    b)  $22.5 \times 10^{-3}$  joule    c)  $22.5 \times 10^3$  joule    d)  $22.5 \times 10^6$  joule
25. One henry is [      ]  
 a) Volt/amp/sec                      b) Coul/sec<sup>2</sup>                      c) wb-sec                      d) wb/amp<sup>2</sup>
26. When co-efficient of coupling  $k=1$ , then [      ]  
 a) there is no coupling between the coils    b) the coupling is tight  
 c) there is optimum coupling                      d) There is leakage flux
27. A  $(20/\pi) \mu F$  capacitor is discharged through a  $(50/\pi)$  mH inductor. Compute the frequency of discharge [      ]  
 a) 200 cycles/sec                      b) 300 cycles/sec                      c) 400 cycles/sec                      d) 500 cycles/sec
28. In parallel resonant circuit, current at resonance [      ]  
 a) minimum                      b) maximum                      c) infinite                      d) zero
29. A coil of self inductance 50 Henry and resistance 100  $\Omega$  joined in series to a 2 volt battery calculate the time constant and maximum current. [      ]  
 a) 0.5sec, 0.04 amp    b) 0.4sec, 0.05 amp    c) 0.5sec, 0.02 amp    d) 0.2sec, 0.05 amp

30. In series LCR circuit, the voltage across the capacitor [      ]  
 a) leads the current by  $90^\circ$       b) lags behind the current by  $90^\circ$   
 c) In phase with the current      d) Opposite to the current
31. The differential form of Ampere's law [      ]  
 a)  $\text{curl } \mathbf{B} = \mu_0 \mathbf{i}$       b)  $\text{div } \mathbf{B} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial t}$       c)  $\text{curl } \mathbf{B} = \mu_0 (\mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t})$       d)  $\text{div } \mathbf{B} = \frac{\partial D}{\partial t}$
32. The electromagnetic wave equation is [      ]  
 a)  $\nabla^2 \mathbf{B} = -\mu\epsilon \partial^2 \mathbf{E} / \partial t^2$       b)  $\nabla^2 \mathbf{E} = \mu\epsilon \partial^2 \mathbf{B} / \partial t^2$       c)  $\nabla^2 \mathbf{E} = -\mu\epsilon \partial^2 \mathbf{B} / \partial t^2$       d)  $\nabla^2 \mathbf{B} = \mu\epsilon \partial^2 \mathbf{E} / \partial t^2$
33. Poynting vector is [      ]  
 a)  $\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{H}$       b)  $\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{B}$       c)  $\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{D}$       d)  $\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{E}$
34. Calculate its common base short-circuit gain. [      ]  
 a) 0.996      b) 0.995      c) 0.998      d) 0.997
35. The heavy doping produces the following effect [      ]  
 a) The reverse breakdown voltage increases      b) The width of depletion layer is infinite  
 c) The width of depletion layer is zero      d) The reverse breakdown voltage decreases
36. A certain transistor has  $\alpha_{dc}$  of 0.98 and a collector leakage current  $I_{co}$  of  $1 \mu\text{A}$ . Calculate collector current, when  $I_E = 1\text{mA}$  [      ]  
 a) 0.709mA      b) 0.534mA      c) 0.981mA      d) 0.257mA
37. The advantage of negative feedback [      ]  
 a) Increases the band width of the amplifier      b) Decreases the input impedance of the amplifier  
 c) Increases the gain of the amplifier      d) Increases the output impedance of the amplifier
38. The ripple factor of full wave rectifier is [      ]  
 a) 0.48      b) 1021      c) 8.12      d) 4.06
39. Find the binary equivalent of 786 [      ]  
 a) 100100000      b) 1010110000      c) 1100010010      d) 1001001011
40. De Morgan's second theorem [      ]  
 a)  $\overline{A+B} = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B}$       b)  $\overline{A \cdot B} = \overline{A} + \overline{B}$       c)  $\overline{A+B} = \overline{A} + \overline{B}$       d)  $\overline{A \cdot B} = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B}$

## PART - B

41. The coefficient of viscosity is [      ]  
a)  $\eta\alpha\sqrt{2T}$       b)  $\eta\alpha\sqrt{T}$       c)  $\eta\alpha\sqrt{3T}$       d)  $\eta\alpha\frac{1}{\sqrt{T}}$
42. The R.M.S. velocity of hydrogen at N.T.P is [      ]  
a)  $1.85 \times 10^5$  cm/sec    b)  $18.5 \times 10^5$  cm/sec    c)  $1.85 \times 10^6$  cm/sec    d)  $18.5 \times 10^6$  cm/sec
43. How much work must be supplied to transfer 1000 joules of heat from a cold reservoir at  $-73^\circ\text{C}$  to a hot reservoir at  $27^\circ\text{C}$  by means of a refrigerator [      ]  
a) 250 J      b) 400 J      c) 500 J      d) 650 J
44. In free expansion entropy [      ]  
a) decreases      b) increases      c) Zero      d) no change
45. The sudden and fast stretching of a spring is called [      ]  
a) isothermal      b) adiabatic      c) reversible process    d) irreversible process
46. In Isobaric & Isochoric process -----quantities are constants respectively. [      ]  
a) volume & pressure    b) pressure & volume    c) Temp & heat      d) heat & Temp
47. Calculate the temperature of inversion of Helium gas given [      ]  
a =  $3.44 \times 10^{-3}$  Nt-m<sup>4</sup>/mol<sup>2</sup>  
b =  $0.0237 \times 10^{-3}$  m<sup>3</sup>/mol  
R = 8.31 Joule / (mol-k)  
a)  $238^\circ\text{C}$       b)  $138^\circ\text{C}$       c)  $-138^\circ\text{C}$       d)  $-238^\circ\text{C}$
48. In the refrigerator, which of the following statement about the refrigerant is incorrect ? [      ]  
a) It should be non-flamable    b) It should be liquid at normal temperature and pressure  
c) It should have high thermal conductivity    d) It should have low freezing point
49. The critical temperature of helium is [      ]  
a)  $-268^\circ\text{C}$       b)  $-258^\circ\text{C}$       c)  $-248^\circ\text{C}$       d)  $-238^\circ\text{C}$
50. What is the temperature of the sun, if the wien's constant is  $2.85 \times 10^{-3}$  M.K.S. units and the wavelength corresponding to maximum emission is 4753 A.U. [      ]  
a)  $5.995^\circ\text{K}$       b)  $59.95^\circ\text{K}$       c)  $599.5^\circ\text{K}$       d)  $5995^\circ\text{K}$
51. Calculate the surface temperature of the sun from the following data : solar constant  $S = 1340$  watt/m<sup>2</sup>, radius of sun  $R = 6.92 \times 10^8$  m, distance of sun from earth  $r = 1.5 \times 10^{11}$  m, Stefan's constant  $\sigma = 5.67 \times 10^{-8}$  w/m<sup>2</sup>/k<sup>4</sup> [      ]  
a)  $6000^\circ$       b)  $5773^\circ\text{k}$       c)  $4897^\circ\text{k}$       d)  $7938^\circ\text{k}$
50. In optical or spectral pyrometers, the temperature of the body can be calculated by using the formula, [      ]  
a) Raleigh-Jeans formula      b) Kirchoff's law    c) Stetan's law    d) Plank's law
53. Application of Fermi-Dirac distribution law [      ]  
a) Election gas      b) Photon gas      c) Ideas gas      d) None of these
54. Bose-Einstein's distribution law applies to [      ]  
a) distinguishable, identical, integral spin    b) distinguishable, identical half integral spin  
c) indistinguishable, identical, integral spin    d) indistinguishable, identical, zero spin
55. Find the focal length for a lens placed in air and made of glass of refractive index 1.5 and radius of curvature 50 cm each [      ]  
a) 10 cm      b) 25 cm      c) 50 cm      d) 100 cm
56. Two thin converging lenses of powers 5 diopters and 4 diopters are placed co-axially 10cm apart. Find the focal length of the combination. [      ]  
a) 14.3 m      b) 14.3 cm      c) 1.43 m      d) 1.43 cm
57. Find the focal lengths of two lenses of crown and flint glasses with dispersive powers

- 0.015 and 0.025 respectively in order to make an achromatic converging lens of focal lengths 25 cm [      ]  
 a) 10 cm, -16.7 cm      b) 25 cm, -20 cm      c) 12.2 cm, -30 cm      d) 10 cm, -25 cm
58. The deviation produced by lens is [      ]  
 a) proportional to the focal length      b) proportional to square of the focal length  
 c) inversely proportional to focal length      d) inversely proportional to square of the focal length
59. The condition for minimum spherical aberration for a system of two thin planoconvex lens of focal length  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  separated by a distance 'd' is [      ]  
 a)  $d = (f_1 + f_2)/2$       b)  $d = f_1 f_2$       c)  $d = f_1 + f_2$       d)  $d = f_1 - f_2$
60. Light passes through narrow slits with a separation of 0.5 mm. On a screen 1.5 m away the distance between two second order maximums is 2.5 mm what is the wavelength of light used [      ]  
 a)  $8000 \text{ \AA}$       b)  $8340 \text{ \AA}$       c)  $8560 \text{ \AA}$       d)  $8734 \text{ \AA}$
61. In the Newton's ring experiment, when the point of contact is perfect, the central spot is dark, then the radius of first dark ring [      ]  
 a)  $\sqrt{\lambda R}$       b)  $\sqrt{4\lambda R}$       c)  $\sqrt{2\lambda R}$       d)  $\sqrt{3\lambda R}$
62. A parallel beam of sodium light of wavelength  $5890 \text{ \AA}$  is incident at an angle of  $30^\circ$  on a film of olive oil ( $\mu = 1.6$ ) on water. Calculate the smallest thickness of the film which will make it appear dark [      ]  
 a)  $1938 \times 10^{-10} \text{ cm}$       b)  $19.38 \times 10^{-10} \text{ cm}$       c)  $1938 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}$       d)  $1938 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}$
63. In diffraction pattern fringe width of various fringes is [      ]  
 a) equal      b) zero      c) may or may not equal      d) never equal
64. Find the number of lines per cm in a diffraction grating, if a green line of mercury of wave length  $5460 \text{ \AA}$  is seen in the first order spectrum at an angle of  $19^\circ 8'$ . The grating is receiving light at normal incidence ( $\sin 19^\circ 8' = 0.3278$ ) [      ]  
 a) 6000      b) 6002      c) 6004      d) 6006
65. Zone plate shows [      ]  
 a) spherical aberration      b) coma  
 c) monochromatic aberration      d) chromatic aberration
66. Calculate the thickness of a half wave plate of quartz, to be used with sodium light  $\lambda = 5893 \text{ \AA}$ ,  $\mu_o = 1.544$  and  $\mu_e = 1.533$ . [      ]  
 a)  $2.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}$       b)  $2.67 \times 10^{-3} \text{ cm}$       c)  $2.67 \times 10^{-7} \text{ cm}$       d)  $2.67 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm}$
67. A sugar solution of specific rotation  $52^\circ$  per decimeter per gm/c.c. causes a rotation of  $12^\circ$  in a column of 10 cm long. What is the concentration of the solution. [      ]  
 a) 0.23 gm/c.c.      b) 0.76 gm/c.c.      c) 3.273 gm/c.c.      d) 0.10 gm/c.c.
68. In tourmaline crystal [      ]  
 a) ellipsoid lies outside the sphere      b) sphere lies outside the ellipsoid  
 c) ellipsoid and sphere coincide each other      d) none of these
69. Among the terminology, which term is not related to Holography [      ]  
 a) Coherent light      b) wave front construction  
 c) Interference fringes      d) Fixed focus
70. Lasers can be used to improve the storage capacity in the computers due to its property [      ]  
 a) coherence      b) high intensity      c) narrow band width      d) directionality

**PART – C**

71. Curl grad S is [      ]  
a) 0                                      b) 1                                      c) 2                                      d) 3
72. If  $\phi$  is a scalar and A is a vector, then  $\text{div} (\phi A)$  is [      ]  
a)  $\text{grad } \phi \times A$     b)  $\phi \text{ curl } A$     c)  $\phi \text{ curl } A + \text{grad } \phi \times A$     d)  $\phi \text{ div } A + A \cdot \text{grad } \phi$
73. A rocket of mass 20 kg has 180 kg fuel. Then exhaust velocity of the fuel is 1.6 km/sec. Calculate the minimum rate of consumption of fuel so that the rocket may rise from the ground [      ]  
a) 1225 kg/s                      b) 122.5 kg/s                      c) 12.25 kg/s                      d) 1.225 kg/s
74. When the external torque is zero then [      ]  
a) the angular momentum increases                      b) the angular momentum decreases  
c) the angular momentum is constant                      d) the angular momentum is zero
75. The rate of precession of spinning top is inversely proportional to the [      ]  
a) angular momentum                      b) angle                      c) mass                      d) torque
76. The kinetic energy of metal disc rotating at constant speed of 5 revolutions per second is 100 joules. Find the angular momentum of the disc. [      ]  
a) 7.458 kg/m<sup>2</sup>/sec                      b) 6.368 kg/m<sup>2</sup>/sec<sup>2</sup>                      c) 9.793 kg/m<sup>2</sup>/sec                      d) 6.758 kg/m<sup>2</sup>/sec<sup>2</sup>
77. Curl of a conservative force (F) [      ]  
a) F                                      b) F<sup>2</sup>                                      c) 1/F                                      d) 0
78. In kepler's first law, if  $\varepsilon > 1$  then orbit is [      ]  
a) circle                                      b) parabola                                      c) hyperbola                                      d) ellipse
79. Calculate the poisson's ratio for steel given that young's modulus is  $2 \times 10^{11}$  pascal and rigidity modulus  $8 \times 10^{10}$  pa [      ]  
a) 0.25                                      b) 25                                      c) 250                                      d) 2500
80. In following answers which is not limitations of Fourier's theorem [      ]  
a) finite                                      b) single valued                                      c) continuous                                      d) discontinuous
81. A particle with a mean proper lifetime of  $2 \mu$  sec. moves through the laboratory with a speed of 0.9 c. Calculate its life time as measured by an observer in the laboratory. [      ]  
a)  $4.58 \times 10^{-10}$  sec                      b)  $4.58 \times 10^{-8}$  sec                      c)  $4.58 \times 10^{-6}$  sec                      d)  $4.58 \times 10^{-4}$  sec
82. When a particle executing SHM passes through its extreme position, it has [      ]  
a) Max. P.E and Min. K.E                                      b) Max. P.E and Man. K.E  
c) Min. P.E and Max. K.E                                      d) Min. P.E and Min. K.E
83. A body of mass 4.9 kg hangs from a spring and oscillates with a period of 0.6 sec. How much will the spring shorten when the body is removed [      ]  
a) 0.089 mm                      b) 0.89 mm                      c) 0.89 m                      d) 8.9 cm
84. The quality factor of a sonometer wire is  $2 \times 10^3$ . On plucking it makes 240 vibrations per second. Calculate the time in which amplitude decreases to half the initial value [      ]  
a) 1840 sec                      b) 184.0 sec                      c) 18.40 sec                      d) 1.840 sec

85. In the case of critical damping [      ]  
a)  $b^2 > \omega^2$       b)  $b^2 = \omega^2$       c)  $b^2 < \omega^2$       d)  $b^2 + \omega^2 = 0$
86. The ratio of transverse force and transverse velocity of a string is equal to [      ]  
a) Resistance      b) Capacitance      c) Impedance      d) Quality factor
87. If the energy flows across every plane in direction of propagation of the wave, then it is [      ]  
a) stationary wave      b) progressive wave      c) electromagnetic wave      d) none of the above
88. In a coupled pendulum, the phase angle between the two pendulums in the first normal mode is [      ]  
a)  $0^\circ$       b)  $90^\circ$       c)  $180^\circ$       d)  $270^\circ$
89. Calculate the capacitance to produce ultrasonic waves of  $10^6$  Hz with an inductance of 1 Henry [      ]  
a)  $25 \mu F$       b)  $0.25 \mu F$       c)  $0.025 \mu F$       d)  $2.5 \mu F$
90. The speed of propagation of ultrasonics depends upon their [      ]  
a) amplitude      b) frequency      c) energy      d) phase